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the summer, except where, because of his or her physical condition or other good reason, it would not be to his or her best interest to pursue training. As long as the eligible person is progressing satisfactorily toward overcoming the effects of his or her disability(ies), the eligible person will be continued in his or her course of training without accounting for days of nonattendance within the authorized enrollment.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3541)

- (b) Interrupting special restorative training. Special restorative training will be interrupted as necessary under the following conditions:
- (1) During summer vacations or periods when no instruction is given before and after summer sessions.
- (2) During a prolonged period of illness or medical infeasibility.
- (3) When the eligible person voluntarily abandons special restorative training.
- (4) When the eligible person fails to make satisfactory progress in the special restorative training course.
- (5) When the eligible person is no longer acceptable to the institution because of failure to maintain satisfactory conduct or progress in accordance with the rules of the institution.
- (6) When the eligible person's progress is materially retarded because of his or her negligence, lack of application or misconduct.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3541, 3543(b))

 $[48\ FR\ 37973,\ Aug.\ 22,\ 1983,\ as\ amended\ at\ 73\ FR\ 2425,\ Jan.\ 15,\ 2008]$

§ 21.3306 Reentrance after interruption.

When a course of special restorative training has been interrupted and the eligible person presents himself or herself for reentrance, the Department of Veterans Affairs will act as follows:

- (a) Reentrance without corrective action. A counseling psychologist or vocational rehabilitation counselor will approve reentrance when special restorative training was interrupted:
- (1) For a scheduled vacation period, such as a summer break,
 - (2) For a short period of illness, or

(3) For other reasons which permit reentrance in the same course of special restorative training without corrective action.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3543(b))

- (b) Consultation with Vocational Rehabilitation Panel. (1) A counseling psychologist or vocational rehabilitation counselor will consult with the Vocational Rehabilitation Panel when special restorative training was interrupted—
- (i) By reason of failure to maintain satisfactory conduct or progress, or
- (ii) For any other reason, which requires corrective action, such as changes of place of training, change of course, personal adjustment, etc.
- (2) If the counseling psychologist or vocational rehabilitation counselor determines that the conditions which caused the interruption can be overcome, he or she will approve the necessary adjustment.
- (3) The counseling psychologist or vocational rehabilitation counselor will make a finding of infeasibility if—
- (i) All efforts to effect proper adjustment in the case have failed; and
- (ii) There is substantial evidence, resolving any reasonable doubt in favor of the eligible person (as discussed in §3.102 of this chapter), that additional efforts will be unsuccessful.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3541, 3543(b))

[48 FR 37973, Aug. 22, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 42726, Oct. 24, 1984; 73 FR 2425, Jan. 15, 2008]

§21.3307 "Discontinued" status.

- (a) Placement in "discontinued" status. If reentrance from interrupted status into a program of special restorative training is not approved under the provisions of §21.3306, a counseling psychologist or vocational rehabilitation counselor will place the case in discontinued status.
- (b) Notification. In any case of discontinuance the Department of Veterans Affairs will:
- (1) Notify the eligible person of the action taken, except that if the eligible person has a guardian or has not attained majority under laws applicable in his or her State of residence, VA will